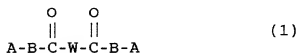


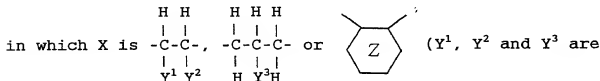
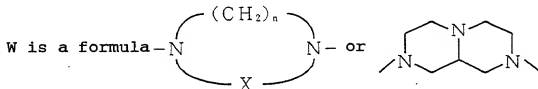
# CLAIMS

1. A compound represented by the following general formula (1):



wherein A is a phenyl, naphthyl, dihydronaphthyl, indenyl, pyridyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, quinolyl or isoquinolyl group which may be substituted;

B is a group of  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$ ,  $-\text{C}=\text{C}-$ ,  $-(\text{CH}=\text{CH})_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{C}=\text{C}-$  or  $-\text{C}=\text{C}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$ , or a divalent residue of benzene, pyridine, pyrimidine or pyrazine, which may be substituted; and



the same or different from one another and are independently a hydrogen atom,  $-\text{COOR}^1$  ( $\text{R}^1$  is a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group),  $-\text{CON}(\text{R}^2)\text{R}^3$  ( $\text{R}^2$  and  $\text{R}^3$  are the same or different from each other and are independently a hydrogen atom, or a hydroxyl or a lower alkyl group),  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{N}(\text{R}^4)\text{R}^5$  ( $\text{R}^4$  and  $\text{R}^5$  are the same or different from each other and are independently a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, or  $\text{R}^4$  and  $\text{R}^5$  may form, together with the adjacent nitrogen atom, a heterocyclic ring which may further have

an oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur atom), or  $-\text{CH}_2-\text{S}-\text{R}^6$  ( $\text{R}^6$  is a lower alkyl, phenyl, or pyridyl group), or  $\text{Y}^1$  and  $\text{Y}^2$  may couple to each other to form an alkylene group which may be through an oxygen, nitrogen or sulfur atom, Z is a benzene or pyridine ring, and n is an integer of 2 or 3, with the proviso that when B is a p-phenylene group, and W is a 1,4-piperazinyl group, A is not a phenyl group, and when B is  $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$ , A is not a phenyl group which may be substituted, or a salt thereof, or a hydrate or solvate thereof.

2. The compound according to Claim 1, wherein A is a phenyl, naphthyl, dihydronaphthyl, indenyl, pyridyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, quinolyl or isoquinolyl group which may have 1-3 substituents selected from among a hydroxyl group, halogen atoms, lower alkyl groups which may be substituted by 1-3 halogen atoms, lower alkoxy groups, an amino group which may be substituted by one or two lower alkyl groups, and lower alkylthio groups.

3. A medicine comprising the compound according to Claim 1 or 2 as an active ingredient.

4. The medicine according to Claim 3, which is an agent for inhibiting the production of an IgE antibody.

5. The medicine according to Claim 3 or 4, which is an agent for preventing and treating an allergic immunological disease.

6. The medicine according to any one of Claims 3 to 5, which is an agent for preventing and treating asthma,

atopic dermatitis, allergic rhinitis, inflammatory large bowel disease or contact dermatitis.

7. A medicinal composition comprising the compound according to Claim 1 or 2 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

8. Use of the compound according to Claim 1 or 2 for a medicine.

9. The use according to Claim 8, wherein the medicine is an agent for inhibiting the production of an IgE antibody.

10. The use according to Claim 8, wherein the medicine is an agent for preventing and treating an allergic immunological disease.

11. The use according to Claim 8, wherein the medicine is an agent for preventing and treating asthma, atopic dermatitis, allergic rhinitis, inflammatory large bowel disease or contact dermatitis.

12. A method of treating an allergic immunological disease, which comprises administering an effective amount of the compound according to Claim 1 or 2.

13. The method according to Claim 12, wherein the allergic immunological disease is asthma, allergic rhinitis, inflammatory large bowel disease or contact dermatitis.